Academic Course Description

BHARATH UNIVERSITY Faculty of Engineering and Technology

Department of Electronics and Communication Engineering

BEC405 Linear Integrated Circuits

Fourth Semester

Course (catalog) description

This is a course on the design and applications of operational amplifiers and analog integrated circuits. This course introduces basic op-amp principles and show how the op-amp can be used to solve a variety of application problems. Much attention is given to basic op-amp configurations, linear and non-linear applications of op-amp and active filter synthesis, including switched capacitor configurations. It also deals with oscillators, waveform generators and data converters

Compulsory/Elective course: Compulsory for ECE students

Credit hours : **3** credits

Course Coordinator : Ms.M.Jasmin, Asst. Professor, Department of ECE

Instructor(s)

Name of the instructor	Class handling	Office location	Office phone	Email (domain: @bharathuniv.ac.in)	Consultation
Ms.M.Jasmin	II A	SA 006		jasmine.ece	12.30-1.30 PM
Ms G.Meena Kumari	II B	SA 006		meenakumari.ece	12.30-1.30 PM
Mr S.Rajesh	II C	SA 006		rajesh.ece	12.30-1.30 PM

Relationship to other courses

Pre – requiste : BEE 101-Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineeering

Assume Knowledge : Basic knowledge in circuit analysis and in phasor algebra or elementary calculus

Following courses : BEI 012-Analog Integrated Circuit Design

Syllabus Contents

UNIT I CIRCUIT CONFIGURATION FOR LINEAR ICS

9

Current mirror and current sources, Current sources as active loads, Voltage sources, Voltage References, BJT Differential amplifier with active loads, Operational Amplifier-DC Characteristics-Frequency response characteristics-Stability-Limitations- Frequency compensation-Slew rate.

UNIT II APPLICATION OF OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

9

Integrator Voltage to Current convertor, Instrumentation amplifier, Sine wave Oscillators, Low pass and band pass filters, comparator, Multivibrator and Schmitt trigger, Triangle wave generator, Precision rectifier, Log and Antilog amplifiers, Non-linear Linear and Nonlinear Circuits using operational amplifiers and their analysis, Inverting and Non inverting Amplifiers, Differentiator function generator.

UNIT III ANALOG MULTIPLIER AND PLL

9

Analog Multiplier using Emitter Coupled Transistor Pair - Gilbert Multiplier cell – Variable transconductance technique, analog multiplier ICs and their applications, Voltage controlled Oscillator, Closed loop analysis of PLL, AM, PM and FSK modulators and demodulators. Frequency synthesizers, Compander ICs.

UNIT IV ANALOG TO DIGITAL AND DIGITAL TO ANALOG CONVERTOR

Analog switches, High speed sample and hold circuits and sample and hold IC's, Types of D/A converter Current driven DAC, Switches for DAC, A/D converter, Flash, Single slope, Dual slope, Successive approximation, DM and ADM, Voltage to Time and Voltage to frequency converters.

UNIT V SPECIAL FUNCTION IC

9

Timers, Voltage regulators - linear and switched mode types, Switched capacitor filter, Frequency to Voltage converters, Tuned amplifiers, Power amplifiers and Isolation Amplifiers, Video amplifiers, Fiber optics ICs and Opto couplers, Sources fo Noises, Op Amp noise analysis and Low noise OP-Amps.

Text book(s) and/or required materials

TEXT BOOKS

- T1. D.Roy Choudhry, Shail Jain, "LinearIntegratedCircuits", NewAgeInternational Pvt.Ltd., 2000.
- T2. Sergio Franco, "Design with Operational Amplifiers and Analog Integrated Circuits", 3rdEdition, Tata Mc Graw-Hill, 2007.

REFERENCES

- R1. Ramakant A.Gayakwad, "OP-AMP and LinearlCs", 4thEdition, Prentice Hall / PearsonEducation, 2001.
- R2. Robert F.Coughlin, Frederick F.Driscoll, "Operational Amplifiers and Linear Integrated Circuits", Sixth Edition, PHI, 2001.
- R3. B.S.Sonde, "System design using Integrated Circuits", 2ndEdition, New Age Pub, 2001
- R4. Gray and Meyer, "Analysis and Design of Analog Integrated Circuits", Wiley International, 2005.
- R5.Michael Jacob, "Applications and Design with Analog Integrated Circuits", Prentice Hall of India, 1996.
- R6. William D. Stanley, "Operational Amplifiers with Linear Integrated Circuits", Pearson Education, 2004.
- R7.TMH,2008.
- R8. www.chegg.com/tutors/

Computer usage: Spice is used to facilitate analysis and design of circuits.

Professional component

General - 0%
Basic Sciences - 0%
Engineering sciences & Technical arts
Professional subject - 0%
- 100%

Broad area: Communication | Signal Processing | Electronics | VLSI | Embedded

Test Schedule

S. No.	Test	Tentative Date	Portions	Duration
1	Cycle Test-1	February 2 nd Week	Session 1 to 14	2 Periods
2	Cycle Test-2	March 2 nd Week	Session 15 to 28	2 Periods
3	Model Test	April 3 rd Week	Session 1 to 45	3 Hrs
4	University Examination	ТВА	All sessions / Units	3 Hrs.

Mapping of Instructional Objectives with Program Outcome

Learn about the basic concepts for the circuit configuration for the design of linear integrated circuits and develops skill to solve		Correlates to program outcome	
engineering problems:	Н	М	L
1.To Learn about the basic concepts for the circuit configuration for the design of linear integrated circuits and develops skill to solve engineering problems	В	f	-
2. To develop skills to design simple circuits using OP-AMP	D	a,e,i	-
3.To Gain knowledge about various multiplier circuits, modulators and demodulators	-	a,b,c,e	-
4.Gain knowledge about PLL	-	a,g	-
5.Learn about various techniques to develop A/D and D/A convertors		d,g,i,j	b,e
6. Develop skills to develop simple filter circuits and various amplifiers and can solve problems related to it.	F	a,c	-

H: high correlation, M: medium correlation, L: low correlation

Draft Lecture

Session	Topics	Problem Solving (Yes/No)	Text / Chapter	
UNITI Unit-1: CIR	ROUIT CONFIGURATION FOR LINEAR ICS	,		
1	Current mirror and current sources	Yes		
2	Current sources as active loads,	No	-	
3	Voltage sources, Voltage References	Yes	T1-Chapter 2	
4	BJT Differential amplifier with active loads	Yes	1	
5	Block Diagram and Internal Schematic of Operational Amplifier	No		
6	DC Characteristics of Operational Amplifier	Yes		
7	Frequency Response Characteristics	Yes	T1-Chapter 3	
8	Frequency Compensation	No		
9	Slew rate	Yes		
UNIT II APPLICA	ATION OF OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS	1	1	
10	Inverting and Non Inverting Amplifier	Yes	T1-Chapter 3	
11	Integrator ,Differentiator,Voltage to Current Converter.	Yes	T1-Chapter 4	
12	Instrumentation Amplifier	No	<u> </u>	
13	Sine Wave Oscillators	Yes	T1-Chapter 5	
14	Low pass and Band pass Filters	Yes	<u>-</u> '	
15	Comparator, Schmitt Trigger	Yes		
16	Triangular Wave Generator.	Yes		
17	Precission Rectifier, Log Amplifier	Yes	T1-Chapter 4	
18	Antilog Amplifier and Function Generator	Yes		
	G MULTIPLIER AND PLL			
19	Analog Multiplier using Emitter Coupled Transistor Pair	No		
20	Gilbert Multiplier Cell.	No	D4 0b 10	
21	Variable transconductance technique	No	R4-Chapter 10	
22	Analog multiplier ICs and their applications	No		
23	Voltage controlled Oscillator	No		
24	Block Diagram of PLL and its operation	Yes		
25	Closed Loop Analysis of PLL	No	T4 01 1 0	
26	AM, PM and FSK modulators and demodulators	No	T1-Chapter 9	
27	Frequency synthesizers, Compander ICs.	Yes		
UNITIV- ANALO	G TO DIGITAL AND DIGITAL TO ANALOG CONV	ERTOR		
28	Analog switches, High speed sample and hold circuits and sample and hold IC's	No	T1- Chapter 10	
29	Types of D/A converter	No	T1- Chapter 10	

30	Current driven DAC, Switches for DAC	No			
31	Flash and Single slope A/D converter	No			
32	Dual Slope and Successive	No			
	approximation type ADC.				
33	DM	No			
34	ADM	No			
35	Voltage to time Converter	No	T2- Chapter 7		
36	Voltage to Frequency Converter	No			
UNIT-V- SPECIAL FUNCTION IC					
37	Timers	No	T1-Chapter 8		
38	Linear Voltage Regulators	No			
			T1-Chapter 6		
39	Switched mode Voltage Regulators	No			
40	Switched capacitor filter, Frequency to	No	T1-Chapter 7		
	Voltage converters		'		
41	Tuned amplifiers	No			
42	Power amplifiers and Isolation Amplifiers	No			
43	Video amplifiers	No	R1		
44	Fiber optics ICs and Opto couplers	No			
45	Op-amp Noise Analysis	Yes	R4-Chapter 11		

Teaching Strategies

The teaching in this course aims at establishing a good fundamental understanding of the areas covered using:

- Formal face-to-face lectures
- Laboratory sessions, which support the formal lecture material and also provide the student with practical construction, measurement and debugging skills.
- Small periodic quizzes, to enable you to assess your understanding of the concepts.

Evaluation Strategies

 Cycle Test – I
 10%

 Cycle Test – II
 10%

 Model Test
 25%

 Attendance
 5%

 Final exam
 50%

Prepared by: M.Jasmin, Assistant Professor, Department of ECE Dated:

Addendum

ABET Outcomes expected of graduates of B.Tech / ECE / program by the time that they graduate:

- a) an ability to apply knowledge of mathematics, science, and engineering fundamentals.
- b) an ability to identify, formulate, and solve engineering problems
- c) an ability to design a system, component, or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints such as economic, environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability, and sustainability
- d)an ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data
- e)an ability to use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice
- f)an ability to apply reasoning informed by a knowledge of contemporary issues
- g)an ability to broaden the education necessary to understand the impact of engineering solutions in a global, economic, environmental, and societal context
- h) an ability in understanding of professional and ethical responsibility and apply them in engineering practices
- i) an ability to function on multidisciplinary teams
- j) an ability to communicate effectively with the engineering community and with society at large
- k) an ability in understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply them in Project and finance management as a leader and a member in a team.

Program Educational Objectives

PEO1: PREPARATION:

To provide strong foundation in mathematical, scientific and engineering fundamentals necessary to analyze, formulate and solve engineering problems in the field of Electronics And Communication Engineering.

PEO2: CORE COMPETENCE:

To enhance the skills and experience in defining problems in Electronics And Communication Engineering design and implement, analyzing the experimental evaluations, and finally making appropriate decisions.

PEO3: PROFESSIONALISM:

To enhance their skills and embrace new Electronics And Communication Engineering Technologies through self-directed professional development and post-graduate training or education

PEO4: SKILL:

To provide training for developing soft skills such as proficiency in many languages, technical communication, verbal, logical, analytical, comprehension, team building, inter personal relationship, group discussion and leadership skill to become a better professional.

PEO5: ETHICS:

Apply the ethical and social aspects of modern communication technologies to the design, development, and usage of electronics engineering.

Course Teacher	Signature
Ms M.Jasmin	

Course Coordinator	Academic Coordinator	Professor In-Charge	HOD/ECE
(Ms.M.Jasmin)	(((Dr M.Sundararajan)